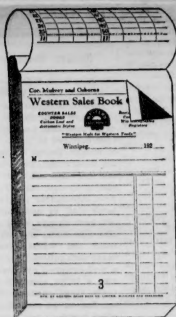




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The Oyen News

Percy Hall Lies in Critical Condition in Cereal Hospital

Mr. Percy Hall, well known farmer of Haven district, is lying in Cereal hospital in a critical condition, following an accident which occurred on his farm Monday evening.

The accident occurred while Mr. Hall was shovelling chaff as it came through a grinding mill. One of the plates in the mill suddenly broke, and a large fragment flew out, striking Mr. Hall on the left side of the head and piercing his skull. Dr. D.L. Dick, was called and accompanied to the scene of the accident by Mr. G. A. Morrison. After the injured man had received attention he was taken to Cereal hospital, for surgical treatment. At the time of going to press, his condition was reported as slightly improved but still critical.

M. D. of Bertawan

The council of the Municipal District of Bertawan, No. 271 met at Sibbald on Saturday, May 13 at 2 p.m.

Present: Reeve Mowers, Councillors Hunter, Meade, Stauffer, Musser, and Wilson.

Mowers: That Secretary send for six copies of the new Tax Consolidation Act.

Meade: That no discount be allowed on road work applied on taxes in cases consolidated under the new act.

Stauffer: That each district work out \$4000.00 on the road and that the debts and credits be finally adjusted between the divisions be allowed to stand over until 1934, but that all debit balances as finally adjusted be cancelled.

Mowers: That all road work be done this year, be worked out in taxes.

Stauffer: That the Council borrow \$4000.00 from the Bank of Toronto, Oyen, for School purposes, and that it be paid out to Schools.

Stauffer: That Benton Valley School District receive \$200.00 and that Westside School receive \$200.00 extra on account of the large credit balance owing that district.

The renting of land applied for by Carl Briggs, and Tom Ford at Benton, was left with councillor Meade to arrange.

Wilson: That the Corrier

Oyen Ball Team Wins Second Money at Youngstown

(By J. H. Cooper)

In one of the sloppiest displays of baseball ever seen in this district, the Oyen baseball team took the Youngstown boys into camp on the latter's home grounds to the tune of 21-0. Then the local bunch came up against Chinook, who had previously administered a sound defeat to a picked team from Hanna, and were forced to again take the short end of the score in a game which ended 10-2. All this happened at Youngstown on the 24th of May and served to entertain a large crowd of excited spectators who had gathered to witness the display of ball talent from the Goose Lake Line.

It would be useless to enter into a detailed account of the first game, since the calibre of baseball served by the contestants would not do honor to either team. Suffice it to say the only bright spot in the whole game was the steady hitting of the locals, especially of those who had been more or less unsuccessful in their efforts with the bat in the two earlier engagements. The Oyen boys played extremely rugged ball in the field during the first half of the game and, were it not for the fact that our opponents had the kindness to reciprocate and even outdo our boys in this respect, the result might have been entirely different. The game, which was originally scheduled to go nine innings, was called at the end of the eighth.

Summary of play: Youngstown vs Oyen

OYEN

	a. b. r. h. p. a. e.
Lang 1b.	4 2 1 0 0 0
Thygeson 3b.	4 4 3 2 0 0
Korny ss. p.	4 3 2 0 2 1
Brown p. ss. cf.	6 3 1 0 1 4
J. Lees cf. ss.	6 1 1 0 3 0
Charlebois 2b.	5 3 2 4 1 1
A. Lees lf.	5 2 2 0 0 0
Keown c.	4 2 1 12 2 1
T. Lowe rf.	3 1 0 0 0 0
	41 21 24 9 7

YOUNGSTOWN

	a. b. r. h. p. a. e.
Todwick 2b. p.	4 0 0 0 0 2
Coad ss. p. ss.	5 0 0 1 1 1
McArthur 1b.	4 2 2 9 0 2
Johnson p. ss.	5 1 1 2 2 3
Campbell c.	2 2 0 7 3 0
Luckham rf.	3 1 1 0 0 1
Sharplin cf.	4 0 2 0 0 0
Jones 3b.	3 0 0 3 2 2
Johansen lf.	3 0 2 1 0 0
	33 6 8 21 8 11

(Concluded on page 4)

house be leased on a lease option to purchase at \$300.00 payable \$10.00 monthly by way of rent.

Stauffer: That a value of \$500.00 be placed on the N. E. of 33-20-2.

Mowers: That Councillor Hunter and the Secretary inspect the shack on the N. E. of 21-27-2 W. of 4, and the remains of shack on the N. W. of 20-27-2 and dispose of same to T. J. Dougan at what they consider to be a fair valuation.

Mowers: That the Sundale Colony be asked to remove Goose pens and any other obstacles from the road allowance adjoining their buildings.

Meade: That R. D. Morton of Oyen be given an allowance of \$5.00 for relief for the month of May, and that no more relief be given unless the amount is worked out before he receives it.

The accounts were passed on motion of Councillor Wilson.

HOSIERY - UNDERWEAR - WASHGOODS Specials

The famous Dollar Queen silk hose. All shades. Selling special	.75
Penman's Cardinal Brand dull finish pure silk thread hose. Selling special	.90
Extra fine mercerized lisle hose. Selling special per pair	.45 and .35
Heavy cotton hose for ladies and children in new sand shades and black. Special	.25
Ladies silk bloomers and panties. All sizes and colors. Special at	.50
Watsons guaranteed nonrun bloomers and panties. Vests Special	.60
Bloomers Special	.65
Watson's Slips, in all colors and sizes. New style. Selling at	1.85
New lines of linen suitings and fancy piques suitable for sport knits. Per yd.	45c to 60c
New dish cloths for making sweaters. A new lot just in. Selling at	15c

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SHEILA TERRY
and FARINA

NEXT WEEK
Harold LLOYD
—in—
MOVIE CRAZY

The Leader for Forty Years



"Fresh from the Gardens"

Shall Broadcasting Become a Monopoly?

Canadian policy regarding radio broadcasting is a very live subject for discussion and naturally so because the radio has become such an intimate thing in the homes of Canada. It is to the radio that many people, and more especially those in rural parts or where a daily paper is not immediately available, now look to supply them with the correct time, weather forecasts, latest market prices, outstanding news events throughout the world, and for a little drama, religious services, and entertainment of all kinds. It is, therefore, only natural that policies and regulations governing radio broadcasting are of interest and concern to Canadians as individuals as well as to Canada as a nation.

Following investigation of the subject, a Royal Commission reported unanimously in favour of nationalizing broadcasting in Canada. Later a Parliamentary committee endorsed the policy, and finally, by a non-partisan vote in the House of Commons it was adopted. There was almost complete unity on the subject and Canadians everywhere were prepared to welcome and assist in the development of a great national undertaking and service. That was only a year ago, but that unity has disappeared and dissatisfaction is being voiced by the changing wave lengths of stations throughout Canada in such a manner as to shut out many of the most popular programmes from United States stations in an apparent effort to compel Canadians to listen to the Canadian Commission's programme whether they desired to do so or not.

The Commission being a national body, and in an official sense Canada being a bi-lingual country, the Commission is perforce required to present programmes in French as well as in English. This many of its programmes are quite un-understandable to thousands of people in the Provinces, other than Quebec, and while they do not object to programmes being broadcast for the French-speaking portion of the population, they do resent the action of the Commission in so changing wave lengths that they cannot listen to other programmes. Furthermore, many people feel that these French programmes might well be confined to Quebec and not carried from coast to coast.

Announcement is now made that the Radio Commission proposes to build two high power broadcasting stations, one in Saskatchewan and one in British Columbia, and while in English. This many of its programmes are quite un-understandable to thousands of people in the Provinces, other than Quebec, and while they do not object to programmes being broadcast for the French-speaking portion of the population, they do resent the action of the Commission in so changing wave lengths that they cannot listen to other programmes. Furthermore, many people feel that these French programmes might well be confined to Quebec and not carried from coast to coast.

In other words, it is not merely public control of radio broadcasting in Canada—which the vast majority of people favor,—that is now contemplated, but the creation of a Government monopoly of broadcasting, which is quite a different thing, and a proposal which has aroused strong protest. What is the intention back of this latest decision? It seems to be stated by W. A. Beynon, M.P., in a letter to a radio association, says in part: "If the principle of national broadcasting is going to be carried to its logical conclusion, it means the ultimate wiping out of all small stations. This, it seems to me, is inevitable, and the whole question is—shall we continue the policy of national broadcasting or shall we let the individual, privately owned broadcasting stations? That national broadcasting will be more economical there can be no doubt. Whether it will, or will not suit the public better, or even whether it will or will not serve them better is another question."

Here is a question in regard to which the people most concerned—the listeners—in should make their views and wishes known to their local M.P. In order that he may present their views to the Parliamentary committee next session. And in the meantime, it would appear that the proper policy for the Radio Commission to pursue would be to stay their hand in the expenditure of large sums of public money in the erection of new broadcasting stations until that Parliamentary committee conducts its investigations and reports its findings.

The Prairie Crop Acreage

Two-Third of Field Crop Acreage Of Canada In Three Western Provinces

Over two-thirds of the field crop acreage of Canada is concentrated in the three prairie provinces, and most of this area is seeded to the grain crops, with wheat predominant. Roughly speaking, the spectacular wheat area covers the southern shore plains from the Red River Valley of Manitoba to the foothills of Alberta and extends to the greatest width in central Saskatchewan.

London recently had a bench show for duchess only.

Headaches and Dizzy Spells Nerves in Bad Condition

Mr. Neil Crawford, Hamilton, Ont., writes: "My nerve was in such bad condition I found it almost impossible to get a good night's sleep. I was also bothered with headaches and dizzy spells."

I tried many different remedies, but they did not seem to give me much relief, but after I had taken Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I could hardly believe the change they had made in my body.

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Seeking Lost Continent

British Scientists Are Preparing To Explore Indian Ocean
British scientists are to explore the bottom of the Indian Ocean, four miles below the surface, in a search for traces of the lost continent of "Lemuria."

An expedition under Captain J. M. MacKenzie, who captained the "Discovery" of Sir Douglas Mawson's last voyage in the Antarctic, will leave England in August to begin the search. They will be nine months at sea (between Africa and India) in a research craft of only 100 tons. The craft is now being fitted at Alexandria with latest inventions for under-sea exploration.

Steel bottles, which close automatically at a certain depth, will be let down to take specimens of the sea life and record temperatures. Lead lines will be dropped four miles down to take samples of the ocean floor.

In this way the expedition hopes to discover traces of the continent of "Lemuria," which is supposed to have stretched from Madagascar to Sumatra and India in pre-historic times. Another object is to discover whether there are mountain ranges and ridges under the sea such as the Meier expedition found in the Atlantic. The scientific leader of the expedition will be Colonel Seymour S. Well, D.S.C., director of the zoological survey of India.

Weather Man Fickle

Has Always Staged Sudden Changes

Old Diary Proves
Judging from a diary kept by Mr. Reidel, of the German mercantile service stationed at three rivers, Quebec, from 1774 to 1780, the weather man was just as fickle in his day as he is now. In fact a sudden change in temperature spoiled her chances of getting to Montreal for her spring outfit.

Mrs. Reidel's diary, discovered by officials of the McCord Museum in Montreal, tells of the extensive exhibit illustrating Canadian history during the period of 1770-1780, reveals that it was evidently her custom as becoming a lady of rank and class, travelling by horse-drawn carriage, travelling on the ice of the St. Lawrence. At Bord an overnight stop was made and during that time a rapid change in the weather took place. Imagine her disappointment when the good lady next morning had to see a boat sailing up the river where she had only the night before travelled on ice.

To Salvage Gold

Italian Vessel Engaged In Raising Treasure From Sunken Liner

The Italian salvage ship "Antiglio" has sailed for a final attempt to raise approximately \$1,000,000 in gold and silver in the strong room of the sunken P. and O. liner "Egypt," lying 70 fathoms off the coast of Ras.

In four previous attempts of work the Italian divers recovered \$2,500,000 of the total cargo of \$5,000,000. The treasure was which was carried from London on her last voyage, May 19, 1922. The "Egypt" sank in 30 minutes after being rammed by a fog by the French freighter "Seine." Of the 41 passengers and 291 crew, 96 lives were lost.

After finishing with the "Egypt," the "Antiglio" probably will be engaged by the Egyptian government to seek gold and other treasure from Napoleon's ships which were sunk by Lord Nelson off Aboukir Bay in 1798.

Child Prodigies Banned From French Stage

Any Under Thirteen Are Not Allowed To Appear

France has definitely banned child prodigies from the stage. Legally no child under thirteen is allowed to appear, but special license has been issued. The Cabinet has decided that no more of these will be given. Child prodigies, many of whom are at all times, and many child stars are affected. The decision followed the receipt of reports by the Ministries of Health and Public Education that children on the stage are made work long hours without sufficient time for study.

The colors of the king of England's racing stable are purple, gold, black, scarlet steeds and black velvet cap with gold bridle.

British Columbia is the largest silver-producing province in Canada.

Many new small factories are being started in Japan.

NOT A PAIN AT 78

She Feels Like 48

Aches and pains are not inevitable in old age. When they do come, there is always a cause, and there is a cause that can be overcome. Here is a lesson on growing old, by a woman of 78.

"For the last five years I have taken Kruschen Salt. I feel truly truthfully I could not live without it. I am 78 years old. I have not a pain in my body, and I feel as young as I did at 48. I give the credit to Kruschen Salt. No one will believe my age."—(Mrs. C. M.)

Most people grow old long before their time because they neglect one vital need of health—their bowels. If they feel cleanliness. Eventually they start the healthy Kruschen habit. Then, probably for the first time in their lives, they start getting rid of every day of all waste matter from the system. And almost immediately they feel their youth has returned. They feel energetic and happy. In a word, they've got that famous Kruschen Feeling.

Exhibits From Britain

Good Representation From United Kingdom For World's Grain Show

Leading representatives of the agricultural industry in the United Kingdom will represent the government at the world's grain conference, opening in Regina, Sask., July 24, where agricultural, milling and other interested organizations are considering the question of sending delegates. It is also probable a small parliamentary group will visit Canada in connection with the conference.

Announcement was made by the Ministry of Agriculture that the government of the United Kingdom will be represented by Sir Daniel Hall, director of the John Innes horticultural research station, and by Sir John Rothamsted Experimental Station, and of the Imperial Bureau of Soil Science and William Robb, director of research in the Society for Research in plant breeding.

The Rothamsted station at Harpenden, Hertfordshire, is preparing an exhibition including a large quantity of wheat from the 59th successive crop grown on the same field under varying conditions. Britain will be well represented in connection with the exhibition of small farms. Scotland is sending samples of oats which have been grown in home competition. In addition there will be wheat and barley exhibits from various parts of England and varieties of flax as well as grain will be sent by northern Ireland.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

HODGE PODGE PUDDING

(Serves 6)

- 1 cup orange juice, dried.
- 1 cup apples cut fine.
- 1 cup broken walnut meats.
- 1 cup seeded raisins, chopped.
- 1 cup orange juice.
- 1 cup brown sugar ground cinnamon.
- 1 cup sugar.
- 6 tablespoons bread crumbs.
- 1 teaspoon butter.

Mix all ingredients except butter. Put into buttered baking dish, dot top with bits of butter and bake covered in a moderate oven (350 to 400 degrees Fahrenheit) until apples are tender. If apples are very dry, increase the amount of orange juice slightly. This is a pudding boy like.

DERBYSHIRE SANDWICHES

Run through the meat grinder enough finely sliced boiled ham to make one cup of it when mixed. Add one-half teaspoon mixed mustard, few drops tobacco sauce, one teaspoon sugar, salt and pepper to taste, and enough Cheddar cheese to make a smooth paste. Spread on this slices of buttered bread.

The Honest Friend

We are all travellers in the wilderness of this world, and the best that can be found in our travels is an honest friend. He is a fortunate voyager who finds many. We travel to find them. They are the end and reward of life. They keep keep worthy of ourselves; and when we are alone, we are only nearer to the absent—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Did His Own Growing

A man was accused at Clerkenwell of having adopted a threatening attitude to a dog and his owner. "I nearly knocked me down," he explained, "so I growled at it." "That's all right," growled the magistrate, "that's all right." "No," the man insisted. "I growled at the dog."

Exports from Indo-China last year were nearly equal to those of 1931.

Plan Long Flight

New York To Bagdad Is Aim Of British Flyers

Some time this summer James A. and Mrs. Amy Millington, famous British husband-and-wife aviators, will hop from Roosevelt Field, New York, on an attempt to set up a new long-distance record by flying non-stop to Bagdad or beyond.

If they make Bagdad they will have beaten by some 700 miles the record of 5,840 miles established in February of this year by the British airmen, Nicolette and Gayford, when they flew from England to South Africa.

Roosevelt Field was chosen by the Millingtons as the starting point for their first dual aerial adventure because it is the only suitable airport having a concrete runway.

The laden weight of their machine will be such that experts have advised the flying couple that there is no aerodrome in England having sufficient length and firmness for taking off purposes.

Their machine, now in process of construction in England, will be shipped in parts to New York, then flown re-assembled at Roosevelt Field. It is a twin-engine monoplane of the De-Havilland "Dragon" type, and would normally accommodate six passengers, pilot and baggage.

Three vast cylindrical tanks, placed side by side together that resemble the boiler of a great locomotive behind the pilot's seat, replace the passenger's seats.

One pilot's seat is provided in the forward cockpit, with just enough elbow room for the Millingtons to change over the controls of the aircraft. The hatchway only allows the height to enable them to crawl from the cockpit, underneath the tanks, to a tiny cabin in the tail of the machine.

The gasoline capacity will enable the machine to fly up to 6,000 miles in average conditions. With a tail wind during parts of the trip the 8,000-mile limit should be exceeded.

Other details regarding the machine and its equipment are being kept secret, but it is not believed that the aeroplane will carry radio.

Records Carefully Kept

Fifty Of Documents About Hudson's Bay Company Trading Posts

"Never has the frontier of any country been as carefully recorded and as thoroughly documented as the journals of the fur trade posts of the Hudson's Bay Company in Canada," said Douglas Mackay, speaking to the Kinsmen's Club of Montreal.

Under the terms of the original royal charter, London as the head office of the Hudson's Bay Company, remains the repository for all the company's archives, and the gathering of these from the posts and outposts a few years ago resulted in an accumulation of nearly six tons of documents. Mr. Mackay's task was the work of organizing and cataloguing this material has been proceeding under the direction of the company's secretary in London.

At the present time, this vast quantity of historical documents, which is in reality the richest source of knowledge of western Canadian history, is in better shape for the use of accredited historians than ever before.

Earned Gratitude Of Indian Mohammedans

Lord Latholme Arrived Return Of

Valued Debt To India

Lord Latholme, former Under Secretary of State for India, has earned the gratitude of Mohammedan Indians from the posts and outposts a few years ago resulted in an accumulation of nearly six tons of documents. Mr. Mackay's task was the work of organizing and cataloguing this material has been proceeding under the direction of the company's secretary in London.

At the present time, this vast quantity of historical documents, which is in reality the richest source of knowledge of western Canadian history, is in better shape for the use of accredited historians than ever before.

A Heavy Responsibility

The city council of Chicago, by resolution, has given Alderman John Coughlin, the Beau Brummel and dean of that body, the sole responsibility of determining the date when Chicagoans may put on their straw hats.

Tons of gold bullion placed in a secret "war chest" before Jean Vignone, the gold standard are to exist in Tokyo.

Italy expects an increase in employment in the next few months.

Merrill



No wonder they're merry—rolling their own with Ogdens's Fine Cut. It's so easy to roll a smoother, more satisfying cigarette with this fragrant cigarette tobacco.

...And they're using "Chanticleer" papers, of course, Ogdens's Fine Cut and "Chanticleer"—that, Sir, is the finest combination any man can get for rolling a really better cigarette.

OGDEN'S FINE CUT

Your Pipe Knows Ogdens's Cut Plug

Modern Home In Sweden

Disabled Poor Will Have Every Care and Comfort

Sweden is completing construction of new home for the disabled poor at Nyssahamn, near Stockholm, and it is declared to be the most modern in Europe. Latest equipment includes experienced physiotherapists, nurses, and other assistants and nurses will be in charge of the medical work. The new home has several hundred rooms and wards, laboratory, races and galleries for sunbaths and a well-equipped gymnasium. There is also a large assembly hall for lectures stage performances and movies. Success at rehabilitating the disabled penniless has been encouraging in Sweden, as about 60 per cent of the patients treated have regained ability to earn their own living.

Rhubarb Was Once Medicine

Rhubarb pills and rhubarb suets are now quite common every day.

The rhubarb plant was used in pharmacy long before its value as a food crop was known. It grew wild on the banks of the Volga in Russia, and was used in the making of tarts in 1850 and soon became common in Canada and the United States. It was relished by the early settlers when fruit was scarce.

The office bachelor says the difference between an animated doll and a modern girl is that the latter doesn't hug "Mamma" when requested.

Britain has nearly 50,000 policemen on regular duty.



W. N. U. 1990

H.B.C. SCOUT

U. S. TO WATCH THE EFFECTS OF LOWER TARIFFS

Washington.—The United States Government was said in official quarters to be arming itself for economic war if international efforts at the world economic conference should fail to achieve lowered trade barriers.

At the same time, officials expressed some concern last week about nationalist feelings in various parts of the world should lessen the prospects of success not only at London but in the arms reduction conference at Geneva.

Open pessimism as to the prospect of lowering tariffs and other trade barriers at the London conference opening June 12, has been expressed by Assistant Secretary Raymond Moley of the state department, close adviser of President Roosevelt and one of the leading architects of his domestic reconstruction programme.

Secretary Cordell Hull of the state department, a life-long advocate of low tariffs, has taken a more optimistic view in general but has told newspapermen it must be determined forthwith whether tariff modification will be the objective or whether the goal will be finally abandoned and every nation turn back upon a policy of commercial isolation.

Other officials said definitely, though privately, that the United States is putting its cards on the table to embark on a policy of comparative commercial independence of the rest of the world and to work out a more self-contained national economy if efforts at international action fail.

United States officials were described as having watched with some concern the progress of the United Kingdom in concluding special trade treaties with Argentina, Sweden, Norway, Germany and Denmark in addition to the close commercial relations among the members of the British Empire, fostered by the trade agreements reached at last summer's economic conference at Ottawa.

Limit Wheat Production

League Of Nations To Submit New Plan At London Conference

Geneva, Switzerland.—The council of the League of Nations is known to be drafting a new international action to deal with the wheat surplus.

The council received and adopted a report from the economic committee saying when delegates to the international wheat conference meet again in London they hope to submit to the world economic conference a plan providing:

1. For limitation of production and, if necessary, of exports.
2. For liquidation of stocks.
3. For maintenance of a reasonable import margin in European importing countries.

"A substantial rise in the price of wheat," the report says, "is a powerful remedy for the distress of agriculturists and would help materially in mitigating the general depression."

Economic Council Advocated

Ottawa, Ont.—Establishment of an economic council in Canada, comprising half a dozen men of outstanding ability, was advocated before the Canadian Political Science Association here. It should be a "thought organization," and one of its chief functions would be to advise governments on economic and social questions.

Liquor Exports Illegal

Ottawa, Ont.—Exportation of liquor to the United States even for medicinal purposes is prohibited under existing regulations, states the department of national revenues. At present no leverage is placed on alcoholic content can be granted clearance to the republic, officials said.

Fatal Boat Makes Rescue

Victoria, B.C.—Making her first rescue since an arrival here from the east coast, the Royal Canadian Mounted Police patrol boat, "Adriatic," picked up the Vancouver gas-bus "Alden" Sunday with 135 cases of Canadian liquor on board.

Believe France Will Default

Paris, France.—Belief that France will default on her debt payment due to the United States even for medicinal purposes is prohibited under existing regulations, states the department of national revenues. At present no leverage is placed on alcoholic content can be granted clearance to the republic, officials said.

W. N. U. 1998

Game Law Changes

Seek More Uniformity In Western Canada Regulations

Edmonton, Alta.—Important changes in the game laws of the prairie provinces are in prospect by the respective governments shortly. As a result of the conference in Edmonton between the Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba game commissioners last week, recommendations will be made to their respective ministers, with a likelihood of approval and early adoption.

Uniformity in the fur tax is one of the chief points involved in the prospective changes. The game commissioners are agreed that there should be the same rate for this tax in the three provinces and that there should also be full co-operation in its collection. New regulations under the act, embodying this change, if finally approved, will be issued early in July.

Agreement has also been reached for a uniform rate on bird and big game licenses. In the case of Alberta, it is understood, only slight changes will be involved.

General approval of a system of leased areas for trapping purposes was expressed by the game experts, who agreed that such a system would be in the interest of conservation. The question will be investigated during the year, with a view to gathering information leading up to possible legislation at the next session of the legislatures.

Big Housing Campaign

Move To Clean Up Slum Conditions In England

London, Eng.—The government first the opening of a vigorous housing campaign when the ministry of health issued circulars to all housing authorities and county councils in England and Wales calling on them to co-operate in a five-year slum-clearance plan and in providing for the housing of working men.

The policy is to clean up slum areas believe will open a new era in housing. It marks a sharp departure from the policy of the previous government, which has been in operation for two decades. Except in limited cases the subsidies will be terminated and the field thrown open to the private builder.

Under the plan money will be provided largely by building societies. These societies, whose fund consists of the savings of the public, now can lend only on first mortgages up to 70 per cent. of the value of the mortgage property. They will be empowered to lend up to 90 per cent. of the value, and the government will guarantee any building society against any loss on the additional 20 per cent.

World Traveller

Journalist Has Prizes For The West Coast of Canada

Montreal, Que.—After the end of a journey which has afforded him many adventures, John A. Clift, journalist, formerly of Ottawa, now residing in Montreal, is in Montreal on his way home after a trip around the world. Mr. Clift has brought back of notes and photographs in partial recognition, about a world midnight funeral procession of a low-caste Hindu in Bombay; painted native fishing sharks in the waters of Fiji, and chasing the emu in the wheat fields of Australia.

The cost of living had fallen considerably in Australia, New Zealand and the South Sea Islands, and many people who formerly wintered in the south of France are crossing the equator and enjoying the summer weather of the antipodes.

Of all the sights the traveller saw in his long journey, none was more striking or more impressive than that of the coastline of Vancouver Island, British Columbia, and the State of Washington with snow-capped mountains in the background.

University Is Sued

Calgary, Alta.—The court of appeal has reserved judgment in the \$50,000 Birtel estate case, in which seven residents of England are suing the University of Alberta. The plaintiffs claim they are rightful heirs to the estate, which was handed over to the university when authorities were unable to locate relatives of H. B. Birtel after the latter had died intestate at Del Monte, Alta.

Russia Plans To Attend

Moscow, Russia.—The Soviet government has formally announced its intention to participate in the London economic conference by making public the names of its delegates. Foreign Minister Oksin Vukobratov, as was expected, was appointed chairman of the delegation.

Lord Wemyss Dies

Was Great Grandson Of King William IV.

Canter, France.—Admiral of the fleet, Lord Wemyss, great-grandson of King William IV, third cousin of King George, and third baron of his name, who signed the armistice for Great Britain, died at his villa here at the age of 69.

Roslyn Erskine Wemyss, made a hero in 1871, joined the navy in 1877 and gained fame as commander of the squadron which landed troops in Gallipoli in April, 1915, only to withdraw them the following winter.

As chief of naval staff and chief naval adviser at the Paris Peace Conference of 1919 he won high praise for settlement of naval terms.

Woman Lawyer

Newfoundland Judge Gives Welcome To Woman Practitioner

St. John's, Nfld.—Miss Louise Saunders, the first woman lawyer to practice in Newfoundland, was welcomed by Central District court judge F. J. Morris, K.C., when she appeared on behalf of a client in a civil action.

In congratulating her on her successful attainment in her examinations and in wishing her an extensive practice Judge Morris said that under modern conditions it was not too much to expect that she would attain the "woodcock," the chief justiceship.

FRANCE BRINGS NEW PROBLEM TO WORLD COURT

Geneva.—France brought a new problem before the disarmament conference, when Foreign Minister Joseph Paul-Boncour opposed the destruction of heavy war material and advocated its preservation for use by the League of Nations against an aggressor.

Destruction of heavy war material is provided for in the British plan which is supported by the United States, Italy and Germany, as well as by the authors. "Thus did the foreign minister of France revive and give new emphasis to the old Tardieu scheme for the internationalization of heavy mobile guns, tanks and other offensive weapons."

A German spokesman, commenting afterwards, said that Mr. Paul-Boncour's announcement meant France no longer accepts the British project, by which she has signed acceptance.

M. Paul-Boncour explained to the conference that the powers which are committed to give financial help to the country which is victim of an aggression would avoid waste by turning over war materials to the League instead of having them manufactured anew or for the state attacked.

The French minister flatly announced that France would not reduce her armaments unless a definite system of mutual assistance is created, supplemented by genuine supervision of armaments.

The supervision, he said, must exclude peace armaments which are manufactured in private factories.

UNITED STATES DELEGATES TO WORLD PARLEY

Here are the three delegates selected by President Roosevelt to represent the United States at the World Economic Conference to be held in London this month, when the nations of the earth will endeavour to formulate a plan for pulling the world out of its depression.

Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State; right is James M. Cox, of Ohio, who was the Democratic nominee for the Presidency in 1920, and in the centre is Senator Key Pittman of Nevada.



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Ramsay MacDonald Criticized

Vicount Snowden Makes Scathing Attack On Former Colleague

London, Eng.—Viscount Snowden, the first man to make a scathing attack on Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald, his former National Government cabinet colleague, in the House of Commons.

"I would suggest that the government should look into the case of the Prime Minister, not only in his own interest, but in the interest of the country," Lord Snowden said, "for it is a positive danger to the country that its affairs should be in the hands of a man who, every time he speaks, exposes his ignorance or incapacity."

The vicount, for years a colleague of Mr. MacDonald in the Labor Department, declared the Prime Minister might better have saved time and energy by resigning from the government for President Roosevelt's economic discussions.

"There were no results," Lord Snowden said, "except a repetition of the platitudes which we have heard so many times in connection with the forthcoming conference."

"The speech was made in the course of a debate on British policy at the world economic conference opening June 12."

Well-Known Sea Captain

Vancouver, B.C.—Captain Gustave Folmer, 65, one of the best known sea captains and pilots on the British Columbia coast and Arctic waters, died in hospital here after a month's illness. Captain Folmer was in the service of the Hudson's Bay Company and commanded the famous Arctic ship "Leary Kindersley" when that vessel was abandoned in the Arctic ocean late in the summer of 1924.

Time To Fight Grasshoppers

Winnipeg, Man.—The Manitoba Department of Agriculture opened its campaign against the grasshopper menace by shipping three tank loads of poisoned bait into southern Manitoba. Hatching of eggs has been halted by rains but entomologists believe the time is ripe to strike the first blow.

Preferred List

Many Prominent Men in List Of Customers Of A. P. Morgan and Company

Washington.—The names of men high in public and business life were put into the record of a senate committee in the presentation of a list of preferred customers of J. P. Morgan and Company.

Among them were William H. Woodin, now secretary of the United States treasury; William Gibbs McAdoo, Charles Francis Adams, Owen D. Young, John H. Nott, John J. Raskob and Newton D. Baker. None of them was in public office, however, at the times they were recorded as having been sold stock by the Morgan Company at preferred prices.

As list after list of prominent men were put into the record, the imperious Mr. Morgan, the committee, under questioning, that he had paid income taxes for the years of 1931 and 1932. He previously had testified that because of financial losses he did not pay taxes in the United States for those years.

Under the British laws, losses of capital generally cannot be deducted from income taxes retained in Great Britain. Such losses may be deducted under the United States laws.

Oxford Group

Large Number Of "Change" Canadians Gathering At Quebec City

Ottawa, Ont.—While members of the Oxford Group team, led by Dr. Frank D. Buchanan, are in Ottawa for the next few days, trains from as far west as Vancouver are speeding eastward with special carloads of "change" Canadians to attend the final session to be held in Quebec City from May 26 to June 5.

Dr. Buchanan said that the experience of the team in North America since its arrival last fall has been truly remarkable.

ACCEPTANCE OF TITLES IN CANADA IS OPEN QUESTION

Ottawa, Ont.—Premier R. B. Bennett declined to say there would be no titles granted to Canadians until parliament had rendered its broad question of the acceptance of honors from the king. Titles could be granted by the king, Mr. Bennett said, without the consent or approval of parliament or ministers.

It was the question of the governor general's authority to grant the titles of the Nickel anti-titles resolution of 1919 no longer restrained Canadians from accepting titles.

The short incident ended in a verbal clash between the two party leaders. "I do not wish," said Mr. King, "to deprive the Prime Minister of being made a life peer, but all I would ask is that before a title of that kind is accepted by himself or the monarch, there be an opportunity for this parliament to express its view with respect to titles in this country."

"I suppose I should say," replied the Prime Minister, "that if the Liberal Leader thinks he has added to the courtesies of debate, or established for himself any finer position in regard and esteem of the people of the country by the observations he has just made in answer to an explanation with respect to the limitation of the prerogative of the crown, then I am content."

"I am content, also," related Mr. King, "if the Prime Minister thinks his lecture will improve the amenities of parliament. What I said was perfectly reasonable in the circumstances. It was a remark which was understood by members of the House and which will be understood by the country in the spirit in which it was meant."

"Hear, hear," agreed the Prime Minister, turning to other considerations.

Although no reference was made to it in the House, parliamentary corridors soon buzzed with rumors concerning the king's birthday list of honors. It was agreed nothing stood in the way of a Canadian being tendered and accepting a title in the June list from London or unless parliament took some action in the meantime, the New Year's list.

The whole question of titles will likely be introduced in the new House next session, but whether this will be before or after the New Year is uncertain.

NEW DRAFT OF SECURITY PACT TO BE SUBMITTED

Geneva, Switzerland.—Sir John Simon, British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, proposed a new draft of a security conference pact after the disarmament conference.

Sir John told the conference his revision would be submitted to United States policy, particularly the American promise to refrain from any act weakening measures which the League of Nations may take against an aggressor.

This doctrine, the United States representative, Norman H. Davis, said, would be embodied in an unilateral declaration to be made shortly by the Washington Government.

It was also stated in the English draft stipulate that in case of a breach or threat of a breach of the Briand-Kellogg pact, the league or any non-member may propose general consultation.

The object of this consultation would be:

1. To exchange views for the purpose of preserving peace and averting the conflict.
2. In the event of a breach, to use good offices for the restoration of peace.

3. If it is found impossible to restore peace, to determine which party or parties to the dispute are to be held responsible.

If it is possible to identify the aggressor, the American official said, the United States Government undertakes to refrain from any action likely to defeat the concerted efforts of other nations to deal with the offending state.

United States, moreover, the American delegate announced, will not give priority to any action in the United States Government undertakes to refrain from any action likely to defeat the concerted efforts of other nations to deal with the offending state.

The security pact, the official said, the conference defined an aggressor as a nation which is the first to commit any of the following acts:

1. Declaration of war, invasion by armed forces of the territory of another state with or without declaration of war.
2. Attack by land, naval or air forces, a naval blockade, or support to armed bands formed in its territory with intent to invade, or other state or refusal to deprive them of protection.

No political, military, economic or other considerations may excuse or justify aggression, according to the definition agreed upon by the security commission.

Purchase Russian Railway

Japanese Approve Plan To Acquire Railway In Manchuria

Tokyo, Japan.—The cabinet has approved a plan to purchase the railway from Soviet Russia of the Chinese Eastern Railway in Manchuria.

Three steps were suggested:

1. The state of Manchukuo is to negotiate the purchase under Japan's guidance, fixing the amount and the terms of payment.
2. Because of doubts concerning Russia's clear title to ownership, Manchukuo is to buy merely a transaction of the undoubted control of the railway by the Soviet.

3. Manchukuo is to purchase various mining and timber concessions held by Russia in connection with the Chinese Eastern, thus eliminating Soviet influence in north Manchuria. The negotiations are authoritatively expected to open shortly in Tokyo.

Attempted Liquor Seizure

Vancouver, B.C.—Breaking into a Canadian Pacific Railway freight car eastbound from Vancouver, thieves threw off 65 cases of liquor. The officials stated that 56 cases had been picked up along the right-of-way of Mission Junction, about 50 miles east of Vancouver.

Another Trade Treaty

London, Eng.—Great Britain has brought Iceland within the scope of new trade treaties. The treaty with Iceland is the sixth concluded within the past few weeks, and, as in the other agreements, is the chief of the British export to secure advantage.

Scaplines Arriving Soon

Longueuil, Que.—With the arrival of two officers of the Italian air force here, preparations are being made for the arrival of the fleet of Italian airplanes, which will bring the Century of Progress Exposition at Chicago.

"Opportunity Schools"

Students Learn Every Trade Imaginable At Denver Institution

A school which opens at 8 o'clock in the morning and doesn't close until 9 o'clock at night; where attendance is left entirely to the pupil and where automobiles and electric motors are repaired by the students—such is the famed "Opportunity School," at Denver, Colorado.

It was one of many described by Dr. J. H. McKeehan, chief inspector of schools for Saskatchewan in an address before the audience of teachers and others in the auditorium of Central Collegiate, Regina.

Dr. McKeehan told of his recent trip through the southwestern portion of the United States, describing the various schools which he visited and the different systems in vogue in cities to the south of the border. His visit, he said, was primarily to visit schools for the deaf.

The Deaver school, he stated, is entirely vocational and every trade imaginable is taught students. To get the school grant the school must take in "trade," repair autos, motors and the like, charging the public current rates.

At Minneapolis the same principle applies. There, in the International school located in one of the busy sections of the city, the students get actual experience by serving with the public in large cafeterias. Autos and dresses made in the institution are also sold by the students in the same school.

The trend in the United States Dr. McKeehan said, is toward junior high schools, which he hoped to see some day established in Saskatchewan.

Hunt For Vacation Days

Pleasure Often Derived From Inexpensive Short Trips

Vacation days are coming! Now is the winter of our discontent made glorious summer by all kinds of vacation. The back yards of periodicals with their alluring appeals to pack up and go places entice readers from the fiction in the front.

Even if one has to do his glib-trotting vicariously via the advertising columns until one has the gold standard get back on again, or those on it jump off, he yet can indulge his best for change. For much of what one gets from vacation is the sense of what one brings to it. The sense of humor may find its present vent within the confines of the vacation bus or the limits of an overnight voyage on a coastwise steamer.

Reney, however grand, may sometimes pall, but the coastwise can never lose their interest to the lover of his kind. It may even be argued that palisades are found in armchairs at least. The children in Pullmans. Long-legged children who run because mermaid walking seems so simple, and the light-time laughter of young girls adventuring in the world may give us those who delight as a trip to Spain—no those who have eyes to see.—Christian Science Monitor.

Was Once Smart Vehicle

Hansom Cabs Popular In London Thirty Years Ago

London will celebrate this summer the centenary of the hansom cab. Once the most popular of vehicles in which to move about the city, there are but four now left upon the streets of London. Gasoline and the building of the taxicab spell the knell of the hansom.

Thirty years ago there were 7,500 hansom cabs in London alone. Built for two passengers, and with the driver in a "dickey" at the back, the reins passing over the roof of the cab, the hansom was in its day considered the smartest thing upon the streets. The drivers, arrayed in melon cut, with buttoned, top hat and buttoned whip, were as witty as any of the contemporary horse-drawn animals. There was a sprig of daisy attached to riding in a hansom (which doubtless made their use all the more agreeable to the adventurer) but for if the horse did come down it was likely as not that with the cab pitching forward and the doors flying open the occupants would be thrown into the street.

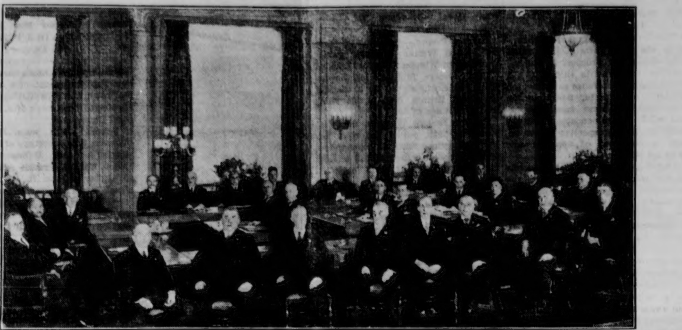
Nowadays the four remaining hansom cabs in London ply quite a fair trade around the West End among those who remember the old days. A full-sized hansom cab—taken off the streets, as it were—was placed a few days ago in the London museum.

Bank clearings in Mexico have been increasing for several months.

London women are taking up wrestling.

W. N. U. 1906

DELEGATES FROM SIXTEEN NATIONS ATTEND POSTAL CONFERENCE



Our picture was taken at the opening of the conference of the International Postal Union Executive Committee at Ottawa where delegates from sixteen countries are attending meetings which will extend over six weeks. The conference was opened by Hon. Arthur Sauve, Canadian Postmaster-General (second from extreme left), while the President of the Committee, Brig-General H. F. Williamson, C.B.C.E., director of British Postal Services, is shown on the extreme right.

Employs Sailing Vessel

Bishop Of The Arctic Uses Boat To Carry Supplies To North

Acquisition of a 67-foot sailing vessel by Mgr. Arsene Turqueti, vicar apostolic of Hudson Bay, and known throughout the northern missions as the "Bishop of the Arctic," has secured continuity of many missions of the North American polar regions. It was learned in Montreal.

Each year, about 150 tons of merchandise are shipped to Bishop Turqueti's diocese, and to heavy transportation rates, the bishop was faced with the alternative of either closing up several important missionary posts or of securing cheaper means of transportation. With the 33-ton boat, the only expense will be the crew's wages. Bishop Turqueti's diocese and to heavy transportation rates, the bishop was faced with the alternative of either closing up several important missionary posts or of securing cheaper means of transportation. With the 33-ton boat, the only expense will be the crew's wages.

The boat, now stationed at Halifax, will leave soon for Churchill with a load of coal and other merchandise for the prelates' mission. The Bishop will leave here shortly for Churchill by rail.

No Municipal Election For Fourteen Years

Mayor Of North Carolina Town Considers Them Foolish

A political oligarchy reigns in Garysburg, North Carolina, boasting a population of only a few hundred. There hasn't been a municipal election in 14 years and the reason is that the mayor will not consent to such foolish things.

The mayor is W. H. Joyner, senator from Northampton county. His contended elections cost money and everyone seemed to be satisfied "that long as things are going along all right."

If an alderman dies or moves or gets tired, the mayor appoints another. Joyner said a lot of people in Garysburg were relatives of his and they'd just as soon "have no mayor as anyone else." Asked how much the job paid, he said, "Not a cent. Maybe that's why nobody wants it."

Changing Its Course

Captain Ascerts Gulf Stream Is Running Closer Inland

Captain George C. Grant, skipper of the steamship "San Blas," came to port at New York last week, announcing that the Gulf Stream, the river that flows through the ocean, had changed its course and increased its speed.

Grant said the stream, which affects climate, had abandoned its seaward trend north of Cape Hatteras and was running closer inland. He found it was running about 50 miles off Nantucket Lightship, whereas its normal course took it out to sea nearly 200 miles from the lightship.

Governor-General's Tour

Their Excellencies To Visit Western Provinces This Summer

Definite word has been received by Premier Brownlee of Alberta, as to the itinerary of their Excellencies the Earl of Bessborough and Lady Bessborough on their western trip this summer. After attending the World's Grain Congress Session in Regina on August 4, the Governor-General's party will arrive in Edmonton on August 6 and will leave the next day for Peace River. A tour of the north country will be followed by a holiday at Jasper.

Can Keep On Rocking

Does No Harm To Babies States University Professor

Jararased parents, torn between a desire to rear their infant along scientific lines and an urge to keep the child contented, may welcome this.

Dr. W. C. Beasley, professor of psychology at the Johns Hopkins University, has placed his stamp of approval on one thing mothers have been doing for centuries—rocking their children. Opposing that group which has held that under no circumstances should the infant be rocked, Dr. Beasley said actual experiments had proved it does not harm the child.

Dr. Beasley even went further. He went that age-old habit fathers have of swinging their babies high in the air does no harm—provided, of course, the baby is not dropped.

Old Medical Practice

Leeches Are Still Used By Hospitals In London, England

Those who believe that the ancient medical practice of "blood-letting by leeches" is anti-dated may be surprised to learn more than 1,000 leeches are imported weekly by air mail from France for up-to-date London hospitals.

These leeches are gathered from pools in the south of France. They are packed in light wooden boxes containing mud and damp moss.

When they reach their destination they are placed in a tank of clean water, where they remain, unfed, until their use is required.

Oxford Group Wedding

Winnipeg, Man.—First marriage among the Oxford Group in Canada will take place in Quebec June 3, during a house party at the Chateau Frontenac. It was announced here.

The bride, Ruth Lambert, is from South Africa, and the bridegroom is Jack Brook, of Boston, Mass. Bridesmaids are from all parts of Europe and the guests will be from all parts of the world.

The Irish Free State will not issue permits to new companies unless half of the capital is owned by Free State nationals.

Britain has a higher-wage campaign.

United States First Circus

Originated In Year 1792 In Philadelphia Riding School

The first circus in the United States originated in Philadelphia in the riding school started by John Bill Ricketts in 1792.

The riding school had as its distinguished patron George Washington, of whom it is recorded "he put aside care and worries and went to Ricketts' Riding School to seek enjoyment and pleasure."

An part of his plan to draw clients, Ricketts employed a man by the name of McDonald to act "the clown." Later he hired Signor and Madame Spinacotta, the former a tight rope walker and the latter an equestrienne, to entertain his customers.

Later another Philadelphia started a circus, eight years before P. T. Barnum opened his "Greatest Show on Earth," in New York. He was Adam Forepaugh, a Civil War horse trader.

Leprosy Not Inherited

Disease Never Contracted By Healthy Persons States Doctor

Leprosy is not inherited and children do not contract the disease if separated early from their parents. So said L. E. Whitaker, to members of the Mission to Lepers in London, England. Pointing out that a healthy person would never take the disease, Dr. Whitaker said that there was very little of it in Canada and that there was no need for fear when an occasional case was discovered.

As a rule the disease occurs between the ages of 10 and 30, although it may be contracted in middle life, Dr. Walaker said.

Hollanders Buying Cars

Automobiles are not manufactured in Holland, and consequently imports are heavy. The use of this form of conveyance has been increasing and despite the depression, the automobile trade has been one of the few branches of business to maintain a relatively prosperous position.

In August 1, 1932—the latest date on which information is available—there were 73,000 passenger motor cars in operation in the Netherlands.

The element of hydrogen is the lightest substance known to science.

An Economical Rat

June Grass Is Particularly Good For Pasture

Observation and experiments have demonstrated that June grass in this country provides the most economical ration for live stock, and particularly for dairy cows. Methods of grazing and fertilizing have been tried out to see if this type of pasture could not be provided throughout a longer period of the summer. Dr. Frank T. Shutt, Dominion Chemist, Ottawa, and others have shown that June grass contains a much greater amount of nutriment, or, in other words, much more protein than grass that is more mature. An increase in the percentage of clover in a pasture also increases the protein content of the ration.

At the Charlottetown Experimental Station pasture improvement work was started in the spring of 1929, notes J. A. Clark, superintendent. Three four-acre plots were fenced and one was sub-divided into three sections, so that the grazing might be rotated every week as frequently as necessary. The rotated pasture and one continuous grazed area were fertilized with the following mixture of chemicals per acre: One hundred pounds sulphate of ammonia, 30 pounds superphosphates, and 75 pounds of muriate of potash. The first year, in the second and third year the sulphate of ammonia only was used. Then in the fourth year the original mixture was applied, to be followed with sulphate of ammonia for two more years. The third plot was grazed continuously and received no fertilizer. The whole area at the station was covered with natural grasses, some clover and many weeds.

There has been a very marked improvement in the quality and kind of forage on the fertilized areas. These pastures produced good pasturage much earlier in the season and continued to produce good grazing for a much longer period every season than the unfertilized area. In 1931 had more than double the grazing cow days per acre, and from twice to almost three times the total production of milk during the season. In 1932 the increase of both days grazed and milk produced were even more marked on the fertilized areas over the check field.

Live Right To Live Long

Advice Given By 75-Year-Old Retired Sea Captain

To live long, "live right," says A. E. Johnson, 75-year-old retired sea captain of Cleveland, Ohio, who has visited every country on the globe.

Johnson declared as daily exercise he rode a bicycle 20 miles or else he walked the same distance.

"Growing old comes from the transgression of natural laws. Age would have nothing to do with the longevity of life. If you live according to nature you will not grow old," he said.

New Legislation

Winnipeg, Man.—The act for maintenance of parents by their children in new legislation of the season of the legislature just ended, providing that parents who are indigent shall be assisted by their children when the latter in the opinion of a court or magistrate are in a financial position to do so.

Block poisoning from local larkspur is reported on farms west of Edmonton, Alberta.

Gardening Notes

By Gordon Lindsay Smith

Requires fairly deep cultivation and heavy fertilizing up until the first of July in order to push growth and produce flowers. After this, however, it is advisable to grow as the plants may get hardened before the cold weather sets in. To aid in this process, which takes two or three months, it is a good plan to plant a few low-growing plants such as pansies, calceolarias, violas or dwarf nasturtiums around the roses, which will brighten up the bed and benefit the bushes by absorbing moisture. At this time a good quick-acting fertilizer is advised. After July, however, a slower fertilizer, such as liquid manure, or bone meal should be used.

Pests and Diseases:—Control of insect pests and common diseases is not difficult where prompt measures are taken just as soon as the enemies appear or better still, before. It is a very important, however, that something is known about the habits of these pests that are under control. First, though by speaking, insect pests are divided into two groups, those that take their food by biting holes in the foliage and those that sting or suck out the juices. The biters are more common, while the others make their presence known by biting or drying foliage when something like this happens in a garden nearby, one should take precautions immediately. For the eating insects, a spray of Paris Green or arsenate of Lead, while the "suckers" are controlled by a spray that will burn them but not damage the foliage. Under control, the common Nixolus Sulphate or more commonly known as "Black Leaf 40," Whale Oil Soap, Lime Sulphur or any other insecticide recommended by extension. Often one can get a combination of burning and poisoning in a special mixture and this is usually the best for small gardeners as it is prepared especially for the purpose. Out worms are attracted by poisoned foliage. Under control, the common Nixolus Sulphate or more commonly known as "Black Leaf 40," Whale Oil Soap, Lime Sulphur or any other insecticide recommended by extension. Often one can get a combination of burning and poisoning in a special mixture and this is usually the best for small gardeners as it is prepared especially for the purpose. Out worms are attracted by poisoned foliage.

Celery Out Now:—Contrary to prevalent general opinion, celery is not a difficult plant to grow. A very large quantity can be produced in a very small space. The first rows for early use for small gardens as it is now, with the main planting about the first week in July. Plants may be purchased from almost any store at this time, but it is better to grow your own, with the main planting about the first week in July. Plants may be purchased from almost any store at this time, but it is better to grow your own, with the main planting about the first week in July. Plants may be purchased from almost any store at this time, but it is better to grow your own, with the main planting about the first week in July.

Give the plants from six to eight inches each way and rows may be as close as the plants will stand. Give the plants from six to eight inches each way and rows may be as close as the plants will stand. Give the plants from six to eight inches each way and rows may be as close as the plants will stand.

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WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Canada's net debt (Dominion) was placed at \$2,599,080,000 with the annual interest \$121,867,300.

An aluminum observation and sleeping car, will be the centenary of the company's exhibit at the centenary of progress, Chicago.

Gregory M. Zinovief, twice expelled from the Communist Party for oppositionist activities against Joseph V. Stalin's leadership has confessed his sins and pleaded for reinstatement.

A payroll increase of \$150,000 a month in the Douglas Fir Plywood Industry of the United States Pacific Northwest, Portland, Oregon, will be put into effect by July. It will affect 6,000 workers.

Far surpassing the record of boom years, a tremendous tourist invasion of Winnipeg is predicted by Mayor R. H. Webb, who has returned from a two weeks' trip to the United States.

King George's gallant old racing yacht, Britannia, has taken to the water for the 40th season. In her long career she has taken part in more than 600 contests, and won more than 20 prizes.

Establishing something like a record in voyages of the preventive services of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, the customs officer, "Adversus," clipped 18 days off her estimated time for a trip from Halifax to Vancouver.

The four big powers of western Europe are "responsible for peace" in Europe and in the world, under-secretary for Foreign Affairs Fulvio Suvich told the Chamber of Deputies at Rome, Italy, in a discussion of Premier Mussolini's four-power peace pact.

Tobacco is being grown as an experimental crop on the Headingley Provincial Prison Farm, Hon. D. J. McKinnis, Manitoba Minister of Agriculture, announced. If the crop is harvested the tobacco will be given to prisoners for their smoking requirements.

Canadians Like Ice Cream

Total Consumption in Year Reported
Eight Million Gallons

It is evident from a report issued by the Canadian government bureau of statistics on the ice cream production in Canada for 1931 that Canadians have an appetite for ice cream. The total consumption in the year under review was 8,234,272 gallons, an increase of 2,753,138 gallons, compared with the total production in 1921. The 1931 production was valued at \$11,161,595. The Canadian government bureau of statistics states that ice cream is an article of daily life. It possesses all the elements of a real food, being easily digested, palatable and highly nutritive.

The production of ice cream in the Dominion is carried on chiefly by the dairy and confectionary industries. The per capita consumption of ice cream according to the latest figures is .79 gallons. The provinces showing the highest per capita consumption were Ontario, British Columbia and Nova Scotia with 1.09 and .87 gallons respectively.

A Powerful Generator

Part of Equipment of New Laboratory At Cambridge

The wonderful Ludwig Mond Laboratory at Cambridge, just opened, contains an apparatus for splitting the atom on a scale unknown before. It is an electric power plant which will provide a current of tens of thousands of amperes, comparable with the output of the largest of London's power stations. Sir Lawrence Bragg, president of the Royal Society, said that if it were left flowing for the space of a second, the copper of the coil through which it passed would melt. Actually the experiment has been completed in 1.100th of a second—London Times-News.

Receives Fellowship

Ottawa, Ont.—Dr. Archibald John Grace, formerly of Saskatchewan, and a Saskatchewan Rhodes scholar in 1928, has successfully completed at London, England, his final examination for a fellowship in the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and is expected to return to Canada shortly, according to word received here.

Apples boast a strong power over potatoes. A stream of air passed down the fruit is said to dwarf the sprouts of the vegetables.

The total capacity per day of the four mills at Canada during last year were satisfactory 112,000 barrels.

W. N. U. 1996

Six-Horse Day Team Sold

Famous Horses Will Be Missed On Winnipeg Streets

Winnipeg's famous six-horse day team, for years a feature of the Royal Winter Fair at Toronto will be seen no more in Canada, for the entire outfit has been sold by the brewery to the Anheuser-Busch Company of St. Louis, reputed as the largest brewing company in the world.

The price, admittedly tempting was paid in U.S. funds and the beautiful harness went with the famous equine skin-bride. The horses were shipped south and "Andy," their well-known driver, went with them to make delivery.

Pat Shea, Sr., the man who came to Winnipeg without a dollar in his pocket 50 years ago as a railroad contractor's laborer, now a feeble old man, made no effort to hide his pride. There were tears in his eyes as the six magnificent imported stallions were harnessed and led from their Winnipeg barns for the last time.

Gold Rush Days Revived

Town of Quesnel, B.C. is Humming With Activity

Reminiscence of the early gold rush days, perhaps even exceeding that period—the British Columbia mining community of Quesnel, B.C., is humming with activity as business and tradesmen follow on the heels of gold seekers in Quesnel's second major gold rush.

Stores, cabins, auto camps, houses and additions to present buildings are springing up like mushrooms everywhere. Almost every day a new building is started. Real estate is booming. Lids unsealable a few months ago are changing hands at prices ranging from \$500 to \$1,200.

Old-established business places have had to increase their stock to keep up with the new business pouring in.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

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Hudson Bay Marine Rate Lowered

New Rates Come At Opportunity Time

To Give Route a Fair Trial

The Hon. James F. Bryant, M.C., Minister in charge of Insurance, has announced that as a result of prolonged negotiations carried on by the Saskatchewan Government, new and effective Marine Insurance rates in respect to exports to be forwarded by the Hudson Bay Route have been obtained by the Saskatchewan Government.

The new Marine Insurance rates on traffic through Hudson's Bay mean a saving of 25 per cent. on the general Marine Insurance rate into the Bay, quoted last year, and a saving of 20 per cent. on the lowest rate quoted last year for a favorable period by a New York firm of underwriters. Last year the Marine Insurance rate covered a period of seven weeks. Under the new agreement the period of navigation with Marine Insurance has been extended to three months and ten days with provision for a further extension to October 31st at a rate to be quoted.

Trading advantage of presence in Canada last year of Lieutenant Colonel Robert Walker Royles and the Commander-in-Chief of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, the Hon. James F. Bryant and Arthur R. Fisher, Superintendent of Insurance for Lloyd's of London, in conference with them in Winnipeg and opened up negotiations with Lloyd's for a review of the Marine rates into Hudson's Bay. Following this the government submitted a brief to Lloyd's and later had an agent of the government carry on negotiations for reduced rates in London.

Following the loss of the "Bright Fun" last year, the Marine Underwriters were nervous about the Hudson Bay Route and were not disposed to give any concessions until more successful results could be obtained. Raising the objection that the Hudson Bay Route was subject to the two great dangers to shipping, namely, ice and fog, and that the season was very short. When there has been, up to date, only a few voyages in a season, the underwriters figured that a single casualty might quite likely absorb the whole or more than the whole of the money received by way of premium. Last year the unfortunate loss of the "Bright Fun" cost the government about \$100,000.

The Government of Saskatchewan has succeeded in obtaining a special concession and a special marine agreement. It provides for a concession irrespective of declarations for not exceeding \$500,000 on any one bottom.

The Saskatchewan contract of insurance will take care of all shipments of grain, produce and cargo, including refrigerated interests in bulk. The contract is valid for a period of twelve months from May 1st, and covers cargoes at and from places and ports in Canada to ports and places in the United Kingdom, continent of Europe or world generally. The net rates ob- tained by the Hudson Bay for the season 1933, are as follows:

Shipments between 10th of July and 10th of August—1.00 per cent.
Shipments between 10th of August and 10th of October—1.00 per cent.
Shipments between 10th of October and 10th of November—1.75 per cent.

Shipments after 10th of October being charged at rates to be arranged.

The Saskatchewan contract of Marine Insurance was effected with the C. V. Howling & Company Insurance Limited, of London, England, one of the members of Lloyd's and the largest Marine Insurance writers in the world. In the following syndicate for the purpose of the Hudson Bay Marine Insurance, under the agree-

ment are grouped as underwriters the Royal Exchange Assurance, British Traders Insurance Company, Limited, London Assurance, Sea Insurance Company, Limited, Provincial Insurance Company, Limited or Hull Underwriters Association, Limited, Canadian Insurance Office, Limited, Swiss General Insurance Company, Limited, Merchants Marine Insurance Company, Limited, General Accident, Fire and Life Assurance Corporation, Federal Insurance Company, Yorkshire Insurance Company, Limited, British Foreign Insurance Company, Limited, the Indemnity Mutual Marine Assurance Company, Limited, The Standard Marine Insurance Company, Limited, and Lloyd's Underwriters.

The Marine Assurance agreement obtained by the Saskatchewan Government came at the opportune time to assure a fair trial of the Hudson Bay Route. The rates on bulk and cargo using Churchill had previously been considered unnecessary and unjustified handicap against the Hudson Bay Route and imposed a very heavy burden on the trade. In addition to the general attitude of the underwriters, the loss of the "Bright Fun" last year, the special concessions made by the Government in favor of the Hudson Bay Route were withdrawn and the Hudson Bay Route was left to compete with other Canadian ports as best established at Churchill for the coming year, and regular tariffs and rates were required to be revised. This tended to make the attraction of the Hudson Bay Route very difficult in view of the freight tariffs and the expense of the railway in routing traffic by the Bay Route.

The underwriters have in the past inserted in their Marine Insurance policies a provision which is known as the British North America Warranty clause, whereby the cargo is insured under the American Warranty clause, and not the British North America Warranty clause, and that she will not ply to British North America ports or if she does will be charged the higher premium which varies with the season. This clause is inserted in the policy for many years but still obtains as regards hull and cargoes using the Hudson Bay Route, except cargoes through St. John's and Prince Rupert, and except hulls in case of Halifax and St. John's. The additional premium required by vessel owners and above the usual premium payable on a typical cargo steamer, about 7,000 tons dead weight, using the Hudson Bay Route between August 10th and September 30th, would have been approximately \$10,000 based on a ship valuation of 10 per cent. gross tonnage of \$100,000. The rate would be further added 10 per cent. additional premium for the season 1933, and 10 per cent. additional premium for the season 1934.

The additional insurance premiums asked by underwriters on the basis of the ship entering the straits of the Hudson Bay, the premium for the season 1933, and the premium for the season 1934, arriving at Churchill July 15th and leaving Churchill July 15th, would be \$10,000. The prohibitive nature of these rates is clearly evident in the fact that in 1932 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1933 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1934 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1935 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1936 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1937 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1938 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1939 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1940 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1941 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1942 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1943 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1944 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1945 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1946 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1947 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1948 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1949 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1950 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 1951 averaged \$25,000 from Churchill, and in 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Church Notices

SUNDAY, JUNE 4

OYEN UNITED CHURCH

EXCEL 11.00 a.m.
SUPERIOR 2.30 p.m.

OYEN 7.30 p.m.
SUNDAY SCHOOL 11.00 a.m.

Rev. E. F. KEMP
All Are Cordially Invited

ALL SAINTS CHURCH

Evensong 7.30 p.m.
SUNDAY SCHOOL 11.00 a.m.

Rev. C. M. K. Parsons
Vicar.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Two Shetland ponies for sale, or would trade for good work horses. Wesley Kirk, New Brigid, Alta.

MAGAZINES—Subscriptions to The Saturday Evening Post—The Ladies Home Journal—The Country Gentleman—Maclean's—The Chatelaine and other publications taken at the News Office.

Professional Cards

Dr. D. L. Dick

Physician and Surgeon
Office on First Avenue East
Phone No. 7

Oyen - Alta.

CHARLES L. DUNFORD

A Commissioner for Oaths
At the News Office.

About Town and Country

Millinery Announcement—I have a few hats to clear at \$1.95 each, at my home on Second Avenue. Mrs. R. E. Gillespie, Oyen.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fowler of Lathin, on Tuesday, May 30, a daughter.

Mr. Gordon Caswell, Wilda and Orton, returned home from Calgary last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lees and son Stewart returned home from Calgary on Friday evening.

Mr. M. G. Whitlock, who has been away on a business trip in Eastern Canada, returned to Oyen last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Miller and son Bert and Misses Evelyn and Ethel Johnson, motored to Calgary last Sunday to spend a few days in the city.

Mr. W. A. Johnson arrived in Oyen last Friday from the States to spend the summer months with his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Harvey C. Johnson.

Miss Catharine Wright and Miss Edna Johnson had a thrilling experience last Thursday night, when the car the former was driving on the main highway near the residence of Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Peck, went off the road over a nine foot grade. The car kept right side up till it arrived at the bottom of the slope, and then rolled on its side, smashing one of the top braces and one window. Both young ladies escaped unharmed.

Look at your address label.

Commencing next Wednesday (June 7) and continuing through the months of June and July, early closing on Wednesdays will be observed by the business men of Oyen. Places of business will close at 1 p.m.

The C. G. I. T. junior group camped at Peck's grove last Friday night, returning to town Saturday morning.

Mrs. Gordon Caswell and infant daughter returned home from Calgary yesterday.

Russell Johnson, a former Oyen boy, and now manager of the T. Eaton Company's store at Rosetown, Sask., drove into town last Thursday, en route to Calgary, with his bride, Miss Edna Johnson, his sister, who accompanied him here, remained in town as the guest of Miss Catharine Wright.

The election of a school trustee for Oyen School District No. 305, held last Thursday afternoon, resulted as follows: J. P. Kerr 107, W. V. Miller 78. The regular monthly meeting of the board was held on Monday evening.

An interesting meeting was held in the Oyen School on Saturday, May 20, when the Prairie Teacher's Get Together Club held their regular meeting.

The afternoon was spent in preparing the writing scale and Mr. R. J. Scott presented certain very interesting statistics re speed and quality in the writing of the schools throughout the inspectorate.

The next meeting of the group will be held on Saturday, June 3 in Oyen School at two thirty in the afternoon.

THE RAINFALL

March and April	1.40
May	1.10
Total	2.50

Oyen Ball Team Win Second

Money at Youngstown

(Continued from page 1.)

*A. Lees out in the fourth for failing to touch second.

Struck out by Brown—4, by Korny—8, by Johnson—1, by Coad—2, by Todwick—4.

Earned runs: Oyen—5, Youngstown—2.

Sacrifice hits: Lang, Charlebois, T. Lowe, Johnson.

Three base hits: Johnson.

Two base hits: Thygesen, Brown A. Lees.

Base on balls: off Brown—2, off Korny—3, off Johnson—2, off Coad—5, off Todwick—1.

Hit by pitcher: by Brown—Campbell.

Passed balls: Keown (2) Campbell (3).

Wild pitch: Coad, Todwick.

Left on bases: Oyen—5, Youngstown—9.

Winning pitcher: Korny.

Score by innings:
Oyen 3 0 5 3 3 1 0 6—21
Youngstown 0 1 4 1 0 0 0—6

The second game was entirely different. Chinook played excellent baseball and gave about as good a display as any team in the district during the past few years. Brown pitched good ball, striking out eleven men in the seven innings played. Unfortunately, he allowed himself to weaken occasionally and the Chinook boys took full advantage and garnered hits during these "moments of weakness". These bingles coupled with six errors by the locals in the field enabled our opponents to collect a total of ten runs. Although Charlebois belted out a beautiful three-bagger in the fourth

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Etc.

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Here and There

What is probably the world's farthest north soil course is located in Canada, on the northern shores of Hudson Bay in latitude 67. There are only four members and the fee which entitles the player to life membership, is ten polar bear teeth.

An increase of over half a million head in the number of cattle in Canada was recorded in 1932, just issued by the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics, with 8,513,100 compared with 7,991,000 in 1931.

The eye operation on His Majesty King Prajithipok, of Siam, in the summer of 1931 in the United States, has been so successful that there will be no need of a further operation, according to Dr. Widdiell, public health director of Bangkok, who came to Vancouver recently aboard Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Japan.

A duck hunt in the once private lake of the Chinese Empress on in the Forbidden City of Peking with a Chinese general as host and armed soldiers as guides was the experience described by the Earl Ousey on his arrival at Vancouver recently in the Empress of Japan from a seven-month tour of China.

Paradise Valley, east of Lake Louise, in the Canadian Rockies, is the site selected for the year's summer camp of the Alpine Club of Canada. From July 18 to 31. Some of the most spectacular scenery in the region will be covered by the club—including the unclimbed peak of Mount Effie, in the shadow of which their camp will be pitched.

Close on 250,000 people viewed the crash London, Midland and Scottish flyer the "Royal Scot" on its way to the Chicago World Fair, as it passed through Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto and Hamilton over Canadian Pacific lines. Re-assembled at the C. P. R. Three base hits: Charlebois.

Two base hits: Lloyd, Horn.

Base on balls: off Brown—1.

Hit by pitcher: by Brown—Lloyd.

Struck out by Johnston—9, by Brown—11.

Wild pitch: Brown (2).

Left on bases: Chinook—6 Oyen—4.

Winning pitcher: Johnston.

Losing pitcher: Brown.

Score by innings:
Chinook 4 0 2 0 1 3—10
Oyen 0 0 0 1 0 0—2

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Oyen News